

**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR OUTDOOR 40 KVA AMORPHOUS /
CRGO CORE CONVENTIONAL TYPE COPPER CONDUCTOR
DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS**

1. SCOPE :

1.1 This specification covers design, engineering, manufacture, assembly stage testing, inspection and testing before supply and delivery at site of 11 KV / 433 – 250V 40 KVA Amorphous / CRGO core Conventional type copper conductor Distribution Transformers.

1.2 It is not the intent to specify completely herein all the details of the design and construction of material. However, the material shall conform in all respects to high standards of engineering, design and workmanship and shall be capable of performing in continuous commercial operation in a manner acceptable to the purchaser, who will interpret the meanings of drawings and specification and shall have the power to reject any work or material which in his judgment is not in accordance therewith. The material offered shall be complete with all components necessary for its effective and trouble free operation. Such, components shall be deemed to be within the scope of bidder's supply irrespective of whether those are specifically brought out in this specification and / or the commercial order or not.

1.3 The transformer and accessories shall be designed to facilitate operation, inspection, maintenance and repairs. The design shall incorporate every precaution and provision for the safety of equipment as well as staff engaged in operation and maintenance of equipment.

1.4 All outdoor apparatus, including bushing insulators with their mountings, shall be designed so as to avoid any accumulation of water.

2.0 STANDARDS:

2.1 The materials shall conform in all respects to the relevant Indian/International Standards specifications, which shall mean latest revisions, amendments/changes adopted and published, unless otherwise specified herein before. International and Internationally recognized standards to which these standards generally correspond are also listed below: Acceptability of any alternative standard is at the discretion of purchaser

Indian Standard	Title	International and Internationally recognised standards
IS -2026	Specification for Power Transformers	IEC 76
IS - 1180	Outdoor distribution Transformer up to and including 100 kVA	
IS 12444	Specification for Copper wire rod	ASTM B-49
IS -3347	Specification for porcelain Transformer bushing	DIN 42531,23,3
IS-335	Specification for Transformer Oil	BS 148, D-1473, D-1533- 1934, IEC Pub 296
IS - 5	Specification for colors for ready mixed paints	
IS - 104	Ready mixed paint, brushing zinc chromate, priming	
IS – 2099	specification for high voltage porcelain bushing	
IS - 649	Testing for steel sheets and strips and magnetic circuits	

IS - 4257	Dimensions for clamping arrangements for bushings	
IS - 7421	Specification for Low Voltage bushings	
IS - 3347	Specification for Outdoor Bushings	DIN 42531 to 33
IS - 5484	Specification for Al Wire rods	ASTM B – 233
IS - 9335	Specification for Insulating Kraft Paper	IEC 554
IS - 1576	Specification for Insulating Press Board	IEC 641
IS / 6600	Guide for loading of oil Immersed Transformers	IEC 76
IS 2362	Determination of water content in oil for porcelain bushing of transformer	
IS 6162	Paper covered aluminium conductor	
IS 6160	Rectangular Electrical conductor for electrical machines	
IS 5561	Electrical power connector	
IS 6103	Testing of specific resistance of electrical insulating liquids	
IS 6262	Method of test for power factor and dielectric constant of electrical insulating liquids	
IS 6792	Determination of electrical strength of insulating oil	
IS 10028	Installation and maintenance of transformers.	

Material conforming to other internationally accepted standards, which ensure equal or higher quality than the standards mentioned above would also be acceptable. In case the Bidders who wish to offer material conforming to the other standards, salient points of difference between the standards adopted and the specific standards shall be clearly brought out in relevant schedule. Four copies of such standards with authentic English Translations shall be furnished along with the offer. In case of conflict the order of precedence shall be (i) IS (ii) IEC (iii) Other standards. In case of any difference between provisions of these standards and provisions of this specification, the provisions contained in this specification shall prevail. Anything not covered by this specification, will be as per relevant CEA, REC, IS and CBIP manual in order.

3.0. SERVICE CONDITIONS:

The Distribution Transformers to be supplied against this specification shall be suitable for satisfactory continuous operation under the following climatic conditions.

i)	Location	:	At various locations in the State of A.P.
ii)	Max. ambient air temp. (Deg.C)	:	50
iii)	Min. ambient air temp. (Deg.C)	:	7.5
iv)	Average daily ambient air temperature (Deg.C)	:	35
v)	Max. relative humidity (%)	:	100
vi)	Max. altitude above mean sea level (meters)	:	1000
vii)	Average annual rainfall (mm)	:	9100
viii)	Max. wind pressure (Kg./Sq.mm)	:	200
ix)	Isoceraunic level (days per year)	:	50
x)	Siesmic level (Horizontal accn.)	:	0.10 g.

The equipment shall be for use in moderately hot and humid tropical climate, conducive to rust and fungus growth.

4.0 PRINCIPAL PARAMETERS:

The Transformers shall be suitable for outdoor installation with three phase, 50 c/s, 11 KV system in which the neutral is effectively earthed and they should be suitable for service under fluctuations in supply voltage upto $\pm 12.5\%$.

The transformer shall conform to the following specific parameters

Sl.No.	Item	Specification
1	Continuous rated capacity	40 KVA
2	System Voltage (max.)	12 KV
3	Rated Voltage HV	11 KV
4	Rated Voltage LV	433V-250V
5	Line current HV	2.1 A
6	Line current LV	53.33 A
7	Frequency	50 c/s +/- 5%
8	No. of phases	Three
9	Connection HV	Delta
10	Connection LV	Star (Neutral brought out)
11	Vector group	Dyn-11
12	Type of cooling	ON AN
13	Over fluxing limit	12.5%
14	Noise level (sound power level) at rated voltage and frequency	48 db
15	Permissible temperature rise over maximum ambient i) Of top oil measured by thermometer ii) Of winding measured by resistance	35 Deg. C 40 Deg. C
16	Minimum clearances in air i) HV phase to phase/phase to earth(mm) ii) LV phase to phase/phase to earth(mm)	-----As per IS-1180 latest. As per latest---- -----255/140----- -----75/40-----

5.0 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS:

5.1 DESIGN PARAMETERS:

I CRGO Material

a) Material: The core shall be Stack / Wound generally of M4 or high grade cold rolled grain oriented annealed steel lamination having low loss and good grain properties, coated with hot oil proof insulation. Bolted together and to the frames firmly to prevent vibration or noise. The complete design of core must ensure permanency of the core losses with continuous working of the transformers. The value of the maximum flux density allowed in the design and grade of lamination used shall be clearly stated in the offer.

b) Core clamping for CRGO:

- i. MS Channel of 75 X 40 mm min. size shall be used on top and bottom (for stacked core transformers).

- ii. 2 x M 12 high tensile bolts to be used in parallel at each end.
 - iii. Channel on LV side to be reinforced at equidistance, if holes/cutting is done for LT lead in order to avoid bending of channel.
 - iv. MS channel shall be painted with varnish or oil-resistant paint.
- c) All top and bottom yoke nuts & bolts and tie rods shall be painted with oil and corrosion-resistant paint/ **parkerised** before use.
- d) The transformer core shall be suitable for over fluxing (due to combined effect of voltage and frequency) upto 12.5% without injurious heating at full load conditions and shall not get saturated. The bidder shall furnish necessary design data in support of this situation.
- e) Flux density should not more than 1.55 Tesla for CRGO Core. No load current shall not exceed 2% of full load current and will be measured by energizing the transformer at 433 volts 50 c/s on the secondary. Increase of voltage of 433 volts by 12.5% shall not increase the no load current by Max: 6% of full load current.. Test for magnetic balance by connecting the LV phase by phase to rated phase voltage and measurement of an, bn, cn voltage will be carried out.
- f) Clamping and Tie- rods shall be made of HT steel and shall be painted with **oil and corrosion-resistant paint/ parkarised**.

Only prime quality CRGO sheets should be used in the transformers and no Second/Defective/Scrap CRGO finds way into transformers. Therefore regarding quality control following documents are to be furnished along with bid documents.

1. Invoices of supplier
2. Mill's test certificate
3. Packing list.
4. Bill of landing
5. Bill of entry certificate by custom
6. Description of material, electrical analysis, Physical inspection, certificate for surface defects, thickness and width of the material.

Subjecting to at least 10% of the transformers to routine tests and no load and load loss measurement

It is to note that, using seconds /defective CRGO sheets, the Load losses found to be more than stipulated limit. If so heavy penalty will be imposed as per clause no. 4.4 besides black listing the supplier

II AMORPHOUS METAL:

- i) The core shall be high quality Amorphous ribbons having very low loss formed into wound cores of rectangular shape, bolted together to the frames firmly to prevent vibration or noise. The complete design of core must ensure permanency of the core loss with continuous working of the transformers. The value of the flux density allowed in the design shall be clearly stated in the offer. Curve showing the properties of the metal shall be attached with the offer.
- ii) Core clamping – Amorphous Metal Transformers and CRGO wound core
 1. Core clamping shall be with top and bottom U-shaped core clamps made of sheet steel clamped MS tie rods for efficient clamping

2. MS core clamps shall be painted with oil-resistant paint/ Parkarised.
3. HT steel rods shall be used as tie rods
4. 4 nos. M 12 dia of high tensile steel rods shall be effectively insulated.
5. Suitable provision shall be made in the bottom core clamp/bottom plate of the transformer to arrest movement of the active part.

iii) The transformers core shall be suitable for over fluxing (due to combined effect of voltage and frequency) up to 12.5% without injurious heating at full load conditions and shall not get saturated. The Bidder shall furnish necessary design data in support of this situation.

iv) Flux density should not more than 1.38 Tesla for Amorphous core. No load current shall not exceed 2% of full load current and will be measured by energizing the transformer at 433 volts. 50c/s on the secondary. Increase of voltage of 433 volts by 12.5% shall not increase the no load current by Max 5% of full load current. Test for magnetic balance by connecting the L V phase by phase to rated phase voltage and measurement of an,bn,cn voltage will be carried out.

5.2 WINDINGS:

- a. Material: DPC copper conductor shall be used.
- b. Current density for HV and LV should not be more than **2.5 A/Sq.mm** for copper Conductor.
- c. L.V winding shall be in even layers so that neutral formation will be at top. Vertical ducts of 3 mm and spacers shall be provided with in each coil for H.V and L.V windings.
- d. The no. of HV Coil for HV winding is 2 nos. for staked core and 1 no. for wound / amorphous Transformers
- e. Inter layer insulation shall be Epoxy dotted Kraft paper.
- f. Proper bonding of inter layer insulation with the conductor shall be ensured. Test for binding strength conducted.
- g. Dimensions of winding coils are very critical .Dimensions tolerance for winding coils shall be within limits.
- h. Wedges of 3 mm shall be provided at 50% of the HV coil and LV coils in all types of transformers.
- i. Formation of Delta on HV side shall be with 18 SWG super enameled copper wire with multi layered (not less than 13 layers) paper insulation. Necessary resin bonded paper insulation tubes or bakelite bits may be used through. This shall be done with ferrules and crimping.
- j. The star point shall be done with copper ferrules for copper winding and crimping.
- k. The Un-balanced current i.e., current flowing in neutral during Short Circuit test at full load current shall not be more than 2% of the full load current.
- l. All the sleeves used in construction shall be fibre glass material
- m. Proper bonding of inter layer insulation with the conductor shall be ensured. Test for binding strength conducted.
- n. Dimensions of winding coils are very critical. Dimensions tolerance for winding coils shall be within limits as specified in GTP.

The winding shall be designed such that all coil assemblies of identical voltage rating shall be interchangeable.

5.2.1 OIL:

The transformer shall be supplied complete with first filling of oil and the same shall comply with ISS-335/1993. The characteristics of the oil shall be as follows:

Sl.No	Characteristic	Specified value
1	Electric strength (breakdown voltage) Unfiltered Filtered	30 KV (rms) (min) 50 KV (rms) (min)
2	Electric dissipation factor (tan delta) at 90 degree C	0.002 (max)
3	Specific resistance (resistivity) at 27 degree C	1500 x 10 ¹² ohm-cm (min)
4	Specific resistance (resistivity) at 90 degree C	35 x 10 ¹² ohm-cm (min)
5	Flash point (PM closed)	140 degree C
6	Interfacial tension at 27 degree C	0.04 N/m (min)
7	Neutralisation value (total acidity)	0.03 Mg KOH/g (max)
8	Water content	35 PPM (max)

Test report for each batch of oil shall be submitted

5.3 LOSSES: The maximum losses shall not exceed the values at rated voltage and rated frequency permitted at 75 Deg. C are indicated below:

KVA rating	Voltage ratio	Max. Losses @ 50% load, Watts	Max. Losses @ 100% load, Watts
40	11000/ 433 V	224 W	775 W

The above losses are maximum allowable and there would not be any positive tolerance. Bids with higher losses than the above specified value would be treated as non-responsive.

5.3.1 Percentage Impedance: The percentage impedance at 75 Deg. C shall be 4.5% Tolerance is applicable as per IS:2026.

5.3.2 Temperature Rise : Temperature rise over ambient shall not exceed the limits described below:

Top oil temp. rise measured by thermometer : 35 Deg. C
Winding temp. rise measured by resistance : 40 Deg. C

Bids not meeting the limits of temperature rise will be treated as non-responsive.

5.4 PENALTY FOR EXCESSIVE LOSSES: (During Guarantee period)

5.4.1 During testing, if it is found that the actual measured losses are more than the values as quoted by the bidder, penalty should be recovered from the bidder at double the loss capitalization formula as mentioned below:

(a) No load losses Rs.217.51 per watt or part there of excessive loss.

(b) Load loss: Rs.28.77 per watt or part there of excessive loss

For fraction of a KW, proportionate penalty will be recovered.

5.4.2 Purchaser reserves the right to reject any transformer during the test at suppliers works. If the temperature rise exceeds the guaranteed values.

5.4.3 Purchaser reserves the right to reject any transformer during the test at supplier`s works, if the impedance values differ from the guaranteed values including tolerance **as per IS 2026.**

5.4.4 Purchaser also reserves the right to retain the rejected transformer and take it into service until the Bidder replaces it with a new transformer at no extra cost. The delivery as per contract will be counted when the new transformer as per specification is provided by the manufacture.

5.5 INSULATION MATERIAL & CLEARANCES:

a) Material: Electrical grade insulation shall be **Epoxy dotted Kraft paper** Minimum 2 x 2 mil EDD paper shall be used as interlayer insulation.

b) All spacers, axial wedges/runners used in windings shall be made of pre-compressed Pressboard- solid, conforming to type B 3.1 of IEC 641-3-2. All spacers shall be properly sheared and dovetail punched to ensure proper locking. All axial wedges/ runners shall be properly milled to dovetail shape so that they pass through the designed spacers freely. Insulation shearing, cutting milling and punching operations shall be carried out in such a way, that there should not be any burr and dimensional variations

c) Clearances:

Sl. No	Description	For CRGO wound core / CRGO Staked Core / Amorphous Core Construction (mm)
1)	Radial clearance of LV coil to core (bare conductor)	Not less than 3.5 mm
2)	Radial clearance between HV & LV	Not less than 11.0 mm
3)	Phase to Phase clearance between HV conductors	Not less than 10 mm for 11 KV with a min. of 2 x 1 mm press board to cover the tie rods
4)	The minimum electrical clearance between the winding and body of the tank (between inside surface of the tank and outside edge of the winding)	Not less than 30 mm
5)	Minimum end insulation to earth	Not less than 25 mm

6)	No. of coils HV/Phase	2 for CRGO for stacked core
7)	Thickness of locking spacers between HV coils	10 mm Min. (for stacked core)
8)	No. of axial wedges between LV and HV winding equispaced	Shall be 6
9)	Terminal lead insulation	1.5 mm thick with paper on HV Side

5.6 TANK:

Circular cross section cooling tubes of not less than 38 mm dia and 1.25 mm thick bent & directly Welded to tank shall be provided. The transformer shall be capable of giving continuous rated output without exceeding the specified temperature rise .Bidder shall submit the calculation sheet.

OR

For Corrugated tanks: Corrugations shall be built up with CRCA sheets of 1.6 mm thickness and Tanks with corrugations shall be tested for leakage test at a pressure of 0.3 kg/cm² measured at the top of the tank.

- i) Pressure Release Device: For corrugated tanks, PRD will be provided instead of Explosion vent and it operates at the pressure before 0.25 kg/cm².
- ii) Cooling tubes shall not be provided underneath the LV bushings.
- iii) Corrugated fins shall be provided underneath the LV bushings.

OR

The radiators can be Press fin type of 1.2 mm thickness to achieve the desired cooling to limit the specified temperature rise. They should be fixed at right angles to the sides and not diagonally. The transformer shall be capable of giving continuous rated output without exceeding the specified temperature rise. The size of the radiator shall be such that it covers at least 50% of the bottom yoke, full core and complete top yoke. Bidder shall submit the calculation sheet.

5.6.1 The transformer tank shall be of robust construction rectangular in shape and shall be built up of tested MS sheets of the following thickness with tolerance as per IS 1852.

- i. Side walls : 3.15 mm thickness
- ii. Top and bottom plates : 5.0 mm thickness

5.6.2. The internal clearance of tank shall be such that, it shall facilitate easy lifting of core with coils from the tank without dismantling LV bushings.

The four walls of the tank shall be made of TWO “L” shaped sheets (without joints) fully welded at the corners from inside and outside of the tank. Two sides corner shall be welded for withstanding a pressure of 1Kg/Sq.cm for 10 minutes. All the tank plates shall be of such strength that the complete transformer with oil and fittings can be lifted bodily by means of lifting lugs provided.

5.6.3 All joints of tank and fittings shall be oil tight and no bulging should occur during service. The tank design shall be such that the core and windings can be lifted freely. The tank plate shall be of such strength that the complete transformer when filled with oil may be lifted bodily by means of lifting lugs. Inside of tank shall be painted with **oil resistant paint/ Parkarised.**

5.6.4. The tank shall be reinforced by welded angle (40X40X6mm) on all the outside wall on the edge of the tank to form two equal compartments. Permanent deflection when the tank without oil is subject to a vacuum of 760 mm of mercury shall not be more than 5 mm up to 750 mm length and 6 mm up to 1250 mm length. The tank shall further be capable of withstanding a pressure of 1kg/sq.cm (g) for 10 min., and a vacuum of 0.3 kg/sq. cm (g) without any deformation.

5.6.5 Pressure test will be conducted by the inspecting officer on a transformer vent pipe against each lot offered for inspection. The diaphragm should burst at a pressure between 0.76Kg./Sq.mm to 0.95Kg./Sq.mm. For any operational failure of vent pipe and consequent damaged to the tank an addition to insisting for free replacement of the tank, the AP_PDCL may at its option, recover an estimated loss sustained by it from the manufacturer.

5.6.6. Heat dissipation by tank walls upto oil level should be limited to 500 W/sq.m (excluding top and bottom) above oil level should be limited to 250 W /sq.m cooling tube limited to 300 W/sq.m. Circular cross section cooling tubes not less than 38 mm dia and 1.25 mm thick bent and directly welded to tank shall be provided if required. The transformer shall be capable of giving continuous rated output without exceeding the specified temperature rise. Heat dissipation calculations shall be furnished along with the bids.

5.6.7 Lifting Lugs: 2 Nos. welded heavy duty lifting lugs of MS Plate 8 mm thick (min) suitably reinforced by vertical supporting flat welded edgewise below the lug on the side wall.

5.6.8 Pulling lugs: 4 Nos. of welded heavy duty pulling lugs of MS plate 8 mm thick (min) shall be provided to pull the transformer horizontally.

5.6.9 Top cover fixing bolts of G.I. 12 mm diameter spaced at 80 mm or 100 mm apart 6 mm Neoprene rubberized cork gaskets conforming to IS: 4253 Part-II will be placed between tank and cover with water tight compound between the tank flange and the gasket. The bolts outside tank shall have 2 flat washers and one spring washer.

5.6.10 ‘U’ shaped pressure relief vent of 2” diameter pipe with copper shim sheet as diaphragm shall be provided on the top of the cover of the tank such that the pressure released should be directed to the ground. The length of the vent pipe shall be such that its one end should project into tank, so that its end is 10 mm above minimum oil level. The other end of the vent pipe shall be guarded with wire mesh for preventing the entry of worms and nesting. The diaphragm shall burst at pressure **between 0.76Kg./Sq.mm to 0.95Kg./Sq.mm**. Conservator shall not be provided.

5.6.11 Tack welding with “U” clamp/Anti theft fastners at 4 places to the top cover of transformer to be arranged to avoid theft of copper at field as shown in the sketch.

Transformer Sl. No. shall have to be punched on the Core-Yoke frame.

5.7 .SURFACE PREPARATION AND PAINTING

GENERAL

5.7.1.1 All paints shall be applied in accordance with the paint manufacturer's recommendations. Particular attention shall be paid to the following:

- a) Proper storage to avoid exposure as well as extremes of temperature.
- b) Surface preparation prior to painting.
- c) Mixing and thinning
- d) Application of paints and the recommended limit on time intervals between coats.
- e) Shelf life for storage.

5.7.1.2 All paints, when applied in a normal full coat, shall be free from runs, sags, wrinkles, patchiness, brush marks or other defects.

5.7.1.3 All primers shall be well marked into the surface, particularly in areas where painting is evident, and the first priming coat shall be applied as soon as possible after clearing. The paint shall be applied by airless spray according to manufacturer's recommendations. However, where ever airless spray is not possible, conventional spray be used with prior approval of purchaser.

5.7.1.4 The Supplier shall, prior to protect nameplates, lettering gauges. Sight glasses, light fittings and similar such items.

5.7. 2 Cleaning and Surface preparation

5.7.2.1 After all machining, forming and welding has been completed, all steel work surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of rust, scale, welding slag or spatter and other contamination prior to any painting.

5.7.2.2 Steel surfaces shall be prepared by Sand / Shot blast cleaning or Chemical cleaning by Seven Tank process including Phosphating to the appropriate quality.

5.7.2.3 The pressure and volume of the compressed air supply for blast cleaning shall meet the work requirements and shall be sufficiently free from all water contamination to ensure that the cleaning process is not impaired.

5.7.2.4 Chipping, scraping and steel wire brushing using manual or power driven tools cannot remove firmly adherent mill-scale shall only be used where blast cleaning is impractical. Manufacturer to explain such areas in his technical offer clearly.

5.7.3. Protective Coating

As soon as all items have been cleaned and within 4 hours of the subsequent drying, they shall be given suitable anti-corrosion protection.

5.7.4 .Paint Material

Followings are the types of paint that may be suitably used for the items to be painted at shop and supply of matching paint to site:

5.7.4.1. Oil resistant paint for inside surface.

5.7.4.2. For external surface one coat of Thermo Setting paint or 1 coat of Zinc chromate primer followed by 2 coats of Polyurethane base paint. These paints can be either air drying or stoving.

5.7.4.3. The color of the finishing coats shall be dark admiral gray conforming to No. 632 of IS – 5 of 1961.

5.7.5. Painting procedure

5.7.5.1. All painting shall be carried out in conformity with both specification and with the paint manufacturer's recommendation. All paints in any one particular system, whether shop or site applied, shall originate from one paint manufacturer.

5.7.5.2. Particular attention shall be paid to the manufacturer's instructions on storage, mixing, thinning and pot life. The paint shall only be applied in the manner detailed by the manufacturer e.g. brush, roller, conventional or airless spray and shall be applied under the manufacturer's recommended condition. Minimum and maximum time intervals between coats shall be closely followed.

5.7.5.3. All prepared steel surfaces should be primed before visible re-rusting occurs or within 4 hours, whichever is sooner. Chemical treated steel surfaces shall be primed as soon as the surface is dry and while the surface is till warm.

5.7.5.4. Where the quality of film is impaired by excess film thickness (wrinkling, mud cracking or general softness) the Supplier shall remove the unsatisfactory paint coating and apply another. As a general rule, dry film thickness should not exceed the specified minimum dry film thickness by more than 25%. In all instances where two or more coats of the same paint are specified, such coatings may or may not be of contrasting colours.

5.7.5.5. Paint applied to items that are not be painted shall be removed at supplier's expense, leaving the surface clean, unstained and undamaged.

5.7.6. Damaged paintwork

5.7.6.1. Any damage occurring to any part of a painting scheme shall be made good to the same standard of corrosion protection and appearance as that originally employed.

5.7.6.2. Any damaged paint work shall be made good as follows:

The damaged area, together with an area extending 25 mm around its boundary, shall be cleaned down to bare metal.

A priming coat shall be immediately applied, followed by a full paint finish equal to that originally applied and extending 50 mm around the perimeter of the original damage.

The repainted surface shall present a smooth surface. This shall be obtained by carefully chamfering the paint edges before and after priming.

5.7.7 Dry Film Thickness

5.7.7.1 To the maximum extent practicable the coats shall be applied as a continuous film of uniform thickness and free of pores. Overspray, skips, runs, sags and drips should be avoided. The different coat may or may not be of the same colour.

5.7.7.2 Each coat of paint shall be allowed to harden before the next is applied as per manufacturer’s recommendation.

5.7.7.3 Particular attention must be paid to full film thickness at edges.

5.7.7.4. The requirements for the dry film thickness (DFT) of paint and the materials to be used shall be as given below:

S.I.No.	Paint type	Area to be painted	No. of coats	Total Dry film thickness 9min.)
1	Thermo setting paint.	inside	01	20 microns
		outside	01	60 microns
2	Liquid paint			
	Zinc chromate (primer)	outside	01	30 microns
	Polyurethane (Finish coat)	outside	02	25 microns each
	Hot oil paint / Varnish	inside	01	35 / 10 microns

5.7.8. Tests

5.7.8.1 The painted surface shall be tested for paint thickness.

5.7.8.2 The painted surface shall pass the Cross Hatch Adhesion test, Salt spray test and hardness test as per the relevant ASTM standards.

NOTE: Supplier shall guarantee the painting performance requirement for a period of not less than 5 years

5.8. BUSHINGS:

i) The porcelain portion of HT and LT bushings shall be of standard make and confirm to IS-2099/1973 (HV), “Specification for High voltage porcelain bushings” and IS-7421/1976 for LV IS-3347 shall be outdoor with a minimum creepage distance of 270 mm. The bushing rods and nuts shall be made of brass material 12 mm diameter for both HT & LT. The bushings shall be fixed to the transformers on sides with straight pockets and in the same plane. The tests as per IS-2099/1962 shall be conducted on the transformer bushings as detailed below.

Dry flashover voltage withstand test
 Wet flashover voltage frequency voltage withstand test
 Dry I min. withstand voltage
 Wet half min. withstand voltage
 Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50 micro seconds positive wave)

ii) For 11 KV, 17.5 KV class bushings shall be used and for 0.433 KV, 1.1 KV class bushings shall be used. Bushings of plain sheds as per IS:3347 shall be mounted on the side of the tank and not on top cover.

iii) Dimensions of the bushings of the voltage class shall conform to the standards mentioned below:

Voltage class	Indian Standards or porcelain parts	For metal parts
1.1 KV	IS-3347/part-I/Sec.I/1965/1979	IS-3347/Part-I/Sec,I/1979 (As per IS-1180/1989)
17.5KV	IS-3347/part-III/Sec.I/1972	IS-3347/Part-III/Sec.2/1982

iv) A minimum phase to phase clearance of 75 mm for LV (upto 1.1 KV bushings) and 255 mm for HV (3.3 KV and above bushings) shall be obtained with the bushing mounted on the transformer.

v) The bushings shall be fixed on sides with pockets in the same plane. Arcing horns shall not be provided and instead brass caps shall be provided.

vi) Brazing of all inter connections, jumpers from winding to bushing shall have cross section larger than the winding conductor. For aluminium standard make aluminium brazing rods shall be used.

In the case of LV bushing, the internal bushing shall be made of tough insulating material like epoxy and shall have embedded stem and a strong coupling connection (screwed) properly secured with a screw type locking arrangement shall be used between stem of the internal and external bushings.

The LV bushings shall be so located that even under the hottest conditions the level of the transformer oil shall be below the opening meant for fixing the LV bushings. The LV jumpers and bushing material shall be selected and designed for this condition.

The design of the internal bushing for LV shall be such as to provide adequate earth clearance and creepage distance as stipulated in the standards specified. All other tests as per relevant standards shall be applicable.

The bushings shall be of reputed make supplied by the those manufactures who are having manufacturing and testing facilities for manufacture of HT insulators.

The terminal arrangement shall not require a separate oil chamber not connected to oil in the main tank.

5.9 Terminal connectors:

The LV bushing and HV bushing stems shall be provided with suitable detachable terminal connectors so as to connect the jumper without disturbing the bushing stem. High voltage phase windings shall be marked both in the terminal boards inside the tank and on the outside with capital letters 1U, 1V, 1W and low voltage winding for the same phase marked by corresponding small letters 2u, 2v, 2w. The neutral point terminal shall be indicated by the letter 2n.

5.10. Rating Plates and Star Labeling:

The rating plates on the transformer containing the information specified in clause 15.2 of IS : 2026-1977 (Part-i). 50% & 100% load losses of the transformer should also be mentioned on the rating plate.

5.11. Terminal markings

High voltage and Low voltage phase windings shall be marked both in the terminal boards inside the tank and on the outside with capital letter IU,IV,IW and low voltage winding for the same phase marked by corresponding small letter 2u,2v,2w The neutral point terminal shall be indicated by the letter 2n Neutral terminal to be brought out and connected to local grounding terminal by an Earthing strip adequate length. The vector diagram plate shall clearly indicate the method adopted for marking the terminals both outside and interior.

5.12. LIGHTNING ARRESTORES:

9 Kv, 5 KA Metal Oxide Lightning Arresters (discharge class shall be 3 as per IS-3070 part-II) as per relevant standard, one number per phase shall be fitted under the HV bushings with G.I. earth strip 25 x 3 mm connected to the body of the transformers with necessary clamping arrangements. The metal oxide lightning arresters shall be of reputed make with appropriate Indian Standards.

5.13. FITTINGS: The following standards fittings shall be provided.

- a) Rating and terminal marking plate non-detachable - 1 No
- b) Earth strip adequate length.
- c) Earthing terminals with bolt, nuts & washers with suitable lug for connecting earth wire – 2 Nos.
- d) Lifting lugs – 4 Nos. for main tank & 2 Nos. for top cover.
- e) Bimetallic terminal connectors material made out of LM-6 aluminium alloy and high quality copper of thickness 3 mm and threading length of 25 mm which is suitable for 12 mm copper bushing rod of HV bushing – 7 Nos.
- f) Thermometer pocket with cap – 1 No.
- g) U shaped Pressure relief vent pipe of 2' dia with 0.025 mm copper sheet as diaphragm on the tope of the top cover for breaking at a pressure of 0.76 to 0.95 Kg/cm² such that the pressure released should be directed to the ground and other end of the vent pipe shall be guarded with suitable mesh against entering of worm and resting.
- h) HV bushing – 3 Nos.
- i) LV bushing – 4 Nos.

- j) Pulling lugs – 4 Nos.
- k) Stiffner angle 40 x 40 x 5 mm (and vertical strip of 50 x 6 mm flat).
- l) Cooling tubes – No. & length may be mentioned (as per heat dissipation calculations).
- m) Disconnecter type Metal oxide lightning Arrestors (3 Nos.) with G.I. earth strip 25x3 mm of adequate length.
- n) Base channel 75x 40 mm
- o) Guarantee embossed plate welded below name plate.
- p) Oil level gauge indicating the positions of oil marked as follows
Min (-5 Deg. C)
30 deg. C
Max (90 deg. C)
- q) **AP_PDCL logo shall be punched on separate plate of size 3’’x5’’ which is permanently welded to the transformer and embossed on the tank with Sl. No. & PO No. with month & year of supply on the opposite side of the name plate as enclosed.**
- r) DTR equipment no shall be punch or engrave as per the AP_PDCL allotted equipment numbers on the transformer tank.
- s) The allotted equipment numbers also to be painted on the transformer tank for clear view from long distance

5.14. FASTENERS:

All bolts, studs, screw threads, pipe threads, bolt heads and nuts shall comply with the appropriate Indian Standards for metric threads, or the technical equivalent.

Bolts or studs shall not be less than 6 mm in diameter except when used for small wiring terminals.

All nuts and pins shall be adequately locked.

Wherever possible bolts shall be fitted in such a manner that in the event of failure of locking resulting in the nuts working loose and falling off, the bolt will remain in position.

All ferrous bolts, nuts and washers placed in outdoor positions shall be treated to prevent corrosion, by hot dip galvanizing, except high tensile steel bolts and spring washers which shall be electro-galvanised / plated. Appropriate precautions shall be taken to prevent electrolytic action between dissimilar metals.

Each bolt or stud shall project at least one thread but not more than three threads through the nut, except when otherwise approved for terminal board studs or relay stems. If bolts nuts are placed so that they are inaccessible by means of ordinary spanners, special spanners shall be provided.

The length of the screwed portion of the bolts shall be such that no screw thread may form part of a shear plane between members.

Taper washers shall be provided where necessary.

Protective washers of suitable material shall be provided front and back on the securing screws.

5.15 MOUNTING ARRANGEMENTS:

The under base of all transformers shall be provided with two 75x 40 mm channels 460 mm long with holes to make them suitable for fixing on a platform or plinth.

The distance between the two fixing channels at the bottom shall be 415 mm

5.16 OVER LOAD CAPACITY:

The transformers shall be suitable for loading as per relevant standard as per ISS 6600/1972.

6.0 TESTS:

6.1 ROUTINE TESTS/ ACCEPTANCE TESTS :

All transformers shall be subjected to routine tests at the manufacturer's works. The following routine tests shall be carried out in accordance with the details specified in IS:1180 (Part-I) and IS:2026 or as agreed upon between the AP_PDCL and the manufacturer.

1. Measurement of winding resistance (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
2. Measurement of voltage ratio and check of voltage vector relation ship (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
3. Measurement of Impedance voltage/short circuit impedance and load loss (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
4. Measurement of No Load loss and current (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
5. Measurement of Insulation resistance (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
6. Measurement of Induced over voltage with stand test (IS 2026 (part-3) :1981)
7. Separate source voltage withstand test (IS 2026 (part-3) :1981)
8. *Checking of weights, dimensions fitting and accessories, tank thickness, oil qty., material, finish and workmanship as per purchaser order and contract drawings.*
9. *Checking of di-electric strength of transformer oil.*
10. *Load losses as specified in the specification.*
11. *Neutral current measurement – The value of zero sequence current in the neutral of the star winding shall not be more than 2% of the full load current.*

All above acceptance and routine tests shall be carried out by the supplier in presence of purchaser's representative on atleast 10% of quantity offered every time.

In addition to the above measurement of losses at 50% load and 100% load losses calculations at 75 Degrees for 100% transformers is to conducted and report submitted.

Following tests shall be carried out at manufacturer's works on one unit of each rating by the supplier in presence of purchase representative.

- I. Heat run test- One unit of the ordered quantity of each rating.
- II. Heat run test shall have to be conducted at suppliers cost on one transformer of

each rating, generally from first offered lot, during the course of supplies.

To facilitate conduction of heat run test on any unit in any lot at any point of time during the supply, the manufacturer will provide a thermometer pocket which gets immersed in oil on the side of the transformer in all the transformers. The depth of the projecting stem of this pocket inside the transformer will be below oil level. It shall not fringe with electrical clearance nor obstruct the untanking of the active part.

- III. The test certificates for all routine and type tests for the transformers and also for the bushings and transformer oil shall be submitted with the tender.

6.2 TYPE TESTS:

The bidder will furnish Type Test Results. The following type tests must have been conducted on the material offered as per the relevant IS in NABL accredited laboratory as per the latest revision of the Technical Specification and the date of type test will not be later than 5 years.

1. Measurement of winding resistance (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
2. Measurement of voltage ratio and check of voltage vector relation ship (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
3. Measurement of Impedance voltage/short circuit impedance and load loss (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
4. Measurement of No Load loss and current (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
5. Measurement of Insulation resistance (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
6. Induced of over voltage with stand test(IS 2026 (part-3) :1981)
7. Separate source voltage withstand test(IS 2026 (part-3) :1981)
8. Impulse voltage test: For insulation level of 95KV.

Insulation levels:

Sl. No	Volatage(KV)	Impulse voltage (KV peak)	Power frequency voltage (KV)
1	0.433	-	3
2	11	95	28

9. Temperature rise tests(IS 2026 (part-II) :1977)
10. Short Circuit test (IS 2026 (part-I) :1977)
11.
 - a. Air pressure test (IS-1180/Part-I/1989.)
 - b. Air pressure test (As per CEA Guide lines for corrugated tank)
12. Permissible flux density and over fluxing (IS-1180/Part-I/1989.)

- 6.3** The supplier shall furnish calculation accordance with IS:2026 to demonstrate the thermal ability of the transformers to withstand short circuit . The manufacturer will have to submit thermal calculation of short circuit withstand ability for 2 seconds and 3 seconds.

6.4. TESTS AT SITE:

The purchaser reserves the right to conduct all tests on Transformer after arrival at site and the manufacturer shall guarantee test certificate figures under actual service conditions. If the losses measured at site are found more than the guaranteed losses penalty will be levied on all the transformers of the purchase order as per clause number 4.4.1.

6.5. TOLERANCES:

Unless otherwise specified herein the test value of the transformers supplied would be within the tolerance permitted in the relevant standards. No positive tolerance is allowed on guaranteed No load and Load losses and temperature. No positive tolerance shall be allowed on the maximum losses displayed on the label for both 50% and 100% loading values.

6.6 CHALLENGE TESTING:

The other manufacture can also request challenge testing for any test based on specification and losses. The challenger would request for testing with testing fee. The challenge test fees are proposed at least three times the cost of testing. This is likely to deter unnecessary challenges. The challenger would have the opportunity to select the sample from the store and any such challenge should be made within the guarantee period. The party challenged, and the utility could witness the challenged testing.

The challenged testing would cover the

- 1. Measurement of magnetizing current**
- 2. No Load losses test.**
- 3. Load Losses test (At 50% loading or as per acceptance test)**
- 4. Temperature rise test.**

The challenge test could be conducted at NABL accredited laboratory, like ERDA and CPRI. If the values are within limit the product gets confirmed or else not confirmed. No positive tolerance in losses is permitted. If the product is not confirmed the manufacturer would pay the challenge fee and challenger would get the fee refunded. However as redressal system the challenger would allowed to ask for fresh testing of two more samples from the store and the same be tested in NABL laboratory in presence of party challenged, challenger and the utility. If any one or both sample does not confirm the test then the product said to have failed the test. In such cases the manufacturer will be declared as unsuccessful manufacturer for the said product with wide publicity and would not be allowed to compete in tenders of the Boards for the period of three years and heavy penalty would be imposed.

7.0. INSPECTION:

All tests and inspection shall be made at the place of manufacturer 10% of the quantity offered inspection and unless other wise especially agreed upon the manufacturer and the purchaser at the time of purchase. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector representing the purchaser all reasonable facilities, without charge to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with specification.

The manufacturer shall provide all services to establish and maintain quality of workman ship in his works and that of his sub-contractors to ensure the mechanical /

electrical performance of components, compliance with drawings, identification and acceptability of all materials, parts and equipment as per latest quality standards of ISO 9000.

Along with the bid the manufacturer shall prepare Quality Assurance Plan identifying the various stages of manufacture, quality checks performed at each stage and the Customer hold points. The document shall also furnish details of method of checking, inspection and acceptance standards / values and get the approval of purchaser or his representative before proceeding with manufacturing. However, purchaser or his representative shall have the right to review the inspection reports, quality checks and results of manufacturer's in house inspection department which are not customer hold points and the manufacturer shall comply with the remarks made by purchaser or his representative on such reviews with regards to further testing, rectification or rejection etc. Manufacturer should submit the list of equipment for testing along with latest calibration certificates to the purchaser.

Purchaser shall have every right to appoint a third party inspection to carryout the inspection process. The purchaser has the right to have the test carried out at his own cost by an independent agency wherever the dispute regarding the quality of supply. Purchaser has right to test 100% of the supply selected either from the store or field to check the quality of the product. In case of any deviation purchaser have every right to reject the entire lot or penalize the manufacturer, which may leads to blacklisting among other things.

8.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN:

8.1. The bidder shall invariably furnish following information along with his bid, failing which his bid shall be liable for rejection. Information shall be separately given for individual type of equipment offered.

- i. Statement giving list of important raw materials, names of sub-suppliers for the raw materials, list of standards according to which the raw materials are tested. List of tests normally carried out on raw materials in the presence of Bidder's representative, copies of test certificates.
- ii. Information and copies of test certificates as in (1) above in respect of bought out accessories.
- iii. List of manufacturing facilities available.
- iv. Level of automation achieved and list of areas where manual processing exists.
- v. List of areas in manufacturing process, where stage inspections are normally carried out for quality control and details of such tests and inspection.
- vi. List of testing equipment available with the bidder for final testing of equipment along with valid calibration reports shall be furnished with the bid. Manufacturer shall posses 0.1 class instruments for measurement of losses.
- vii. Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) with hold points for purchaser's information to the purchaser.
 - i. List of raw materials as well as bought out accessories and the names of sub-suppliers selected from those furnished along with offer.
 - ii. Type test certificates of the raw materials and bought out accessories.

8.2 .The successful bidder shall within 30 days of placement of order, submit following information to the purchaser.

8.3. The successful Bidder shall submit the routine test certificates of bought out accessories and central excise passes for raw material at the time of routine testing.

9.0 DOCUMENTATION:

The Bidder shall furnish along with the bid the dimensional drawings of the items offered indicating all the fittings.

- (i) Dimensional tolerances
- (ii) Weight of individual components and total weight

10.0 PACKING & FORWARDING:

10.1. The packing shall be done as per the manufacturer's standards practice. However, it should be ensured that the packing is such that, the material would not get damaged during transit by Rail / Road / Sea

10.2. The making on each package shall be as per the relevant IS.

11.0 LIST OF DRAWINGS AND DOCUMENTS:

The bidder shall furnish four sets of following drawings along with his offer.

- a) General outline drawing showing plan, elevation and end view dimensions, assembly and list of fittings of the equipment.
- b) Name plate details and schematic drawing. Name plate details should consist of trade mark month and year of manufacturer P.O.No. and date, guarantee period, losses, percentage impedance, Voltage ratio, vector group, full load and no load losses temperature rise, weight of core oil, total weight of transformer and other important factors etc.
- c) Core coil assembly drawing with bill of materials.

11.1 Six sets of the type test reports, duly approved by the purchaser, shall be submitted by the supplier for distribution before commencement of supply. Adequate copies of acceptance and routine test certificates, duly approved by the purchaser, shall accompany the dispatch consignment. The manufacturing of the equipment shall be strictly in accordance with the approved drawings and no deviation shall be permitted without the written approval of the purchaser. All manufacturing and fabrication work in connection with the equipment prior to the approval of the drawing shall be at the supplier's risk.

12.0 GUARANTEED TECHNICAL PARTICULARS:

The guarantee technical particulars of the transformer offered shall be given by the tenderer (as per Annexure).

13.0 WARRANTY:

- i** The period of warranty will be 5 years (five years) the date of acceptance of the material in stores i.e. Form-13 date of last consignment, last piece transformers received against this specification.
- ii** If the failure after erection and commissioning at site is more than 5% the AP_PDCL reserves the right to cancel the balance quantity of the order or take such suitable action deemed fit. The same will be treated as failure of basic contractual conditions and same to the organization if any can be claimed.

- iii 50% of the performance guarantee (Security) amount will be deducted in case the failure rate of Distribution Transformers is more than 5% and below 10% during warranty period.
- iv 100% performance guarantee (Security) amount will be deducted in case the failure rate of Distribution Transformers is more than 10% during the warranty period.
- v The recovered performance guarantee (Security) amount will be replenished from the immediately pending bill if any or direct by supplier
- vi The supplier shall rectify and return the material failed within guarantee period duly repaired and tested as per approved Guaranteed Technical Particulars and tender specification within 30 days from the date of receipt of intimation without any cost, failing which performance bank guarantee shall be encashed without any notice
- vii The above clause it self shall be deemed to be the notice issued to the supplier about encashment of Bank Guarantee incase of failure to adhere to timelines & no separate notice

ANNEXURE – IA

GUARANTEED & OTHER PARTICULARS FOR DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMERS (To be furnished by the Manufacturer)

Sl. No.	Description	40 KVA
1	Make & Manufacturer	To be furnished by the manufacturer
2	Place of Manufacture	- do -
3	Voltage Ratio	11000V/433 – 250V
4	Voltage per turn (Volts)	
5	Rating in KVA	40 KVA
6	Core Material used and Grade Flux density Over fluxing without saturation (Curve to be furnished by the Manufacturer in support of his claim)	Not more than 1.55 weber/sq.mm (for CRGO) Not more than 1.38 weber/sq.mm (for Amorphous) Not more than 12.5%
7	Thickness of core plates	Shall be furnished
8	Power factor of magnetizing current (lag. Max.)	0.2
9	Maximum temperature rise of a) Windings by resistance method b) Core by Thermometer c) Oil by Thermometer	
10	Core loss in watts a) Normal Voltage b) Maximum Voltage	
11	Magnetising (No load) current at Normal Voltage Maximum Voltage	Not to exceed 2% of F.L. current Shall be furnished
12	Resistance of windings at 20 Deg. C (with 5% tolerance) HV Winding (ohms) LV winding (ohms)	Shall be furnished
13	Reactance of winding/phase	To be furnished
14	% of end turn reinforcement	
15	Maximum losses (watts) at 50% Load Maximum losses (watts) at 100% Load	As per specification
16	Full load current HV : LV :	2.1 A 53.33 A
17	Current density used for HV winding LV winding	2.5 A/sq.mm 2.5 A/ sq.mm

Sl. No.	Description	40 KVA
18	Clearances Core & LV LV & HV HV Phase to phase (with a min. of 2 x 1 mm press board to cover tie rods) End insulation clearance to Earth Any point of winding to tank	As per clause 5.5
19	% Impedance at 75 Deg. C	4.5 (tolerance applicable as per IS 2026)
20	Radiation: 1) Heat dissipation by tank walls exclusive top & bottom 2) Heat dissipation by cooling tube 3) Dia & thickness of cooling tube 4) Whether calculation sheet enclosed for selecting cooling and area to ensure that the transformer is capable of giving continuous rated output without exceeding temperature rise is enclosed.	Shall be furnished.
21	Inter layer insulation provided in design for 1) Top & Bottom layer 2) In between all layer 3) Details of end insulation 4) Whether 3.2 mm wedges are provided at 50% turn of the HV coil	Shall be furnished
22	Insulation materials provided For Conductors (1) HV (2) LV For Core	Shall be furnished
23	Particulars of metal oxide Lightning arrestor	Shall be furnished
24	Medium of free space above oil level.	Minimum 55% of the volume of the oil

ANNEXURE – I B

**GUARANTEE & OTHER PARTICULARS FOR DISTRIBUTION TRANSFORMER
(To be furnished by the Manufacturer)**

Sl. No.	Description	40 KVA
1	Make & Manufacturer	To be furnished by the manufacturer
2	Place of Manufacture	- do -
3	Voltage Ratio	11000V/433 – 250V
4	Rating in KVA	40 KVA
5	Efficiency at 75 Deg. C a) Unity P.F. & b) 0.8 P.F. 1) 125% load 2) 100% load 3) 75% load 4) 50% load 5) 25% load	Shall be furnished
6.	Regulation at a) Unity P.F. b) 0.8 P. F. at Deg. C	Shall be furnished
7	Flash Test HV 28 kV/50Hz for 1 minute LV 3 kV/50Hz for 1 minute	Shall be confirmed
8	Over potential Test Double Voltage & Double frequency for 1 minute	Shall be confirmed
9	Impulse test	AS per IS to be confirmed
10	Weight content of a) Core lamination b) Windings c) Tank & Fittings d) Oil in litres e) Total Weight	Shall be furnished Shall be furnished Shall be furnished
11	Oil Data 1) Qty. for first filling (min.) 2) Grade of oil used 3) Maker's name 4) BDV at the time of filling	Shall be furnished EHV grade confirming to latest version IS 335 (Grade shall be furnished) Shall be furnished Shall be furnished
12	Transformer 1) Overall length x breadth x height 2) Tank length x breadth x height 3) Thickness of plates for	Shall be furnished Shall be furnished

Sl. No.	Description	40 KVA
	a) Side plate (mm) b) Top & bottom plate (mm)	3.15 5
13	Size of the wire used 1) HV a) SWG/mm b) Dia c) Area (sq.mm) 2) LV a) Strip size b) No. of conductors in parallel c) Total area of cross section (sq.mm)	Shall be furnished (current density for HV & LV should not be more than 2.5 Amp/sq.mm)
14	Is the name plate gives all particulars are required in tender	Shall be furnished
15	Particulars of Bushings HV/LV 1) Maker's name 2) Type IS-3347/IS-1180 3) Rating as per I.S. 4) Dry flash over voltage kV at 50 C/s 5) Wet flash over voltage kV at 50 C/s	Shall be furnished
16	HT Fuse links	Shall be furnished

ANNEXURE – II
ADDITIONAL DETAILS

Sl. No.	Description	40 KVA
1	Core Grade	
2	Core diameter	Mm
3	Gross Core area	Sq. cm
4	Net core area	Sq. cm
5	Flux density (1.55 Tesla max. for CRGO, 1.38 Tesla max for Amorphous)	Tesla
6	Wt. Core	
7	Loss per Kg. of core at the specified Flux Density	
8	Core window height	mm
9	Center to center distance of the core	mm
10	No. of LV Turns	
11	No. of HV Turns	
12	Size of LV conductor bare/covered	mm
13	Size of HV conductor bare/covered	mm
14	No. of parallels	
15	Current density of LV winding (Max. 2.8 A/sq.mm)	
16	Current density of HV winding (max 2.8 A/sq.mm)	
17	Wt. Of the LV winding for transformers	Kg.
18	Wt. Of the HV winding for transformers	Kg.
19	No. of LV coils/phase	
20	No. of HV coils/phase	
21	Height of LV Winding	mm
22	Height of HV winding	mm
23	ID/OD of LV winding	mm
24	ID/OD of HV winding	mm
25	Size of the duct in LV winding	
26	Size of the duct between HV & LV	mm
27	HV winding to LV clearance (minimum 11 mm)	mm
28	HV winding to tank clearance (minimum 30 mm)	mm
29	Calculated impedance (4.5%) (tolerance applicable as per IS 2026)	%
30	HV to earth creepage distance	Mm
31	LV to earth creepage distance	mm

DETAILS OF TYPE TESTS: (should be furnished)

Sl. No.	Name of test	Description of DTR with losses	Date of test	Tested Laboratory & Location	Number of sheets	Remarks

ANNEXURE – III

SOURCE OF MATERIALS/PLACES OF MANUFACTURE, TESTING AND INSPECTION

Sl. No.	Item	Source of Material	Place of Manufacture	Place of testing and inspection
1	Laminations			
2	Copper			
3	Core plates			
4	Steel Castings/sections			
5	Tank			
6	Insulating Cylinders			
7	HT Fuse Links			
8	Bushing HV/LV			
9	Oil			
10	Insulated winding wire			
11	Las			

Note: one soft copy of GTP (in Excel) as per specification should be uploaded

SCHEDULE OF DEVIATION

TECHNICAL

Sl. No.	Requirements / Equipment	Specification Clause No.	Deviations	Remarks

It is hereby conformed that except for deviations mentioned above, the offer conforms to all the other features specified in Technical Specification Section _____ of this Bid Document
etc.